

# Part 1 Fundamentals of smart cities



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# Agenda

Objective: To discuss some of the most important concepts related to current and future **Smart Mobility** scenarios, giving a perspective centred on Smart Cities and Sustainability

## Organisation:

- Part 1: General (and relevant) discussions about smart cities
- Part 2: Basic concepts around smart mobility
- Part 3: Development trends and what we can expect

# Smart cities: Why?

Smart cities: the technological revolution reaches the cities



Smart cities: How data and artificial intelligence could change London



Smart cities 2.0: what works today



HOW WILL WE LIVE, CONNECT, COMMUTE AND CREATE IN THE **URBAN WORLD OF TOMORROW?**



**TICKET TO THE FUTURE** Thousands of Brits will be shuttled around in driverless buses in plans for 'future city' – will you ride them?



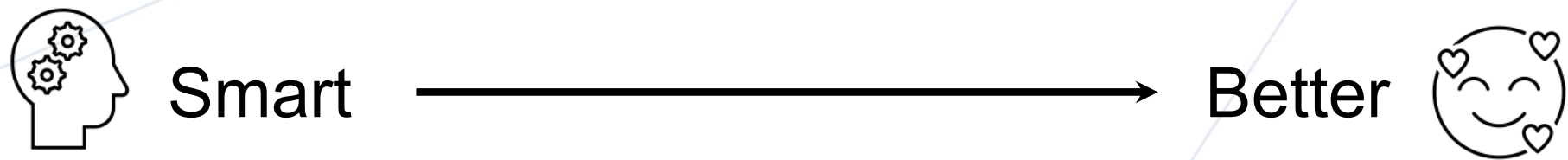
The New York Times

A smarter transition to electric vehicles



# Smart cities are...

One of the best marketing  
campaigns of the last 20 years



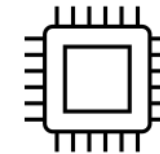
# What are people/companies expecting?



Quality of Life



Profit



Efficiency



# But do we **really** need smart city services?

If the answer is YES, other questions come:

- **WHICH** services?
- **WHERE** to deploy?
- **WHEN** are they required?
- **WHO** is going to pay?

# Yes! But to do what?

- Sanitation
- Housing and space occupation
- Healthcare
- Energy
- Public lighting
- Communications
- Transportation

Back then...





# Yes! But to do what?

- Sustainability
  - Renewable energies
  - Garbage management
- Air pollution
- Public security
- Emergencies
- Spatial inequalities
- **Smart transportation**

Now and beyond





# New player: climatic changes!



High levels of pollution



Extreme weather conditions

# Smart cities: a new hope



It should involve multiple stakeholders:

- Public administrators
- Services providers
- Companies
- Citizens

# How can smart cities be created?

**Technology** can be the enabler, but it should never be the goal

- **New technologies will emerge**, changing the solutions
- However, their goals should be preserved

The benefits of the collectivity **MUST** surpass the benefits of the individuals

- Once again: who will pay for the smart services?



# Smart for who?

EXPECTATION: **citizens**

REALITY: **users**

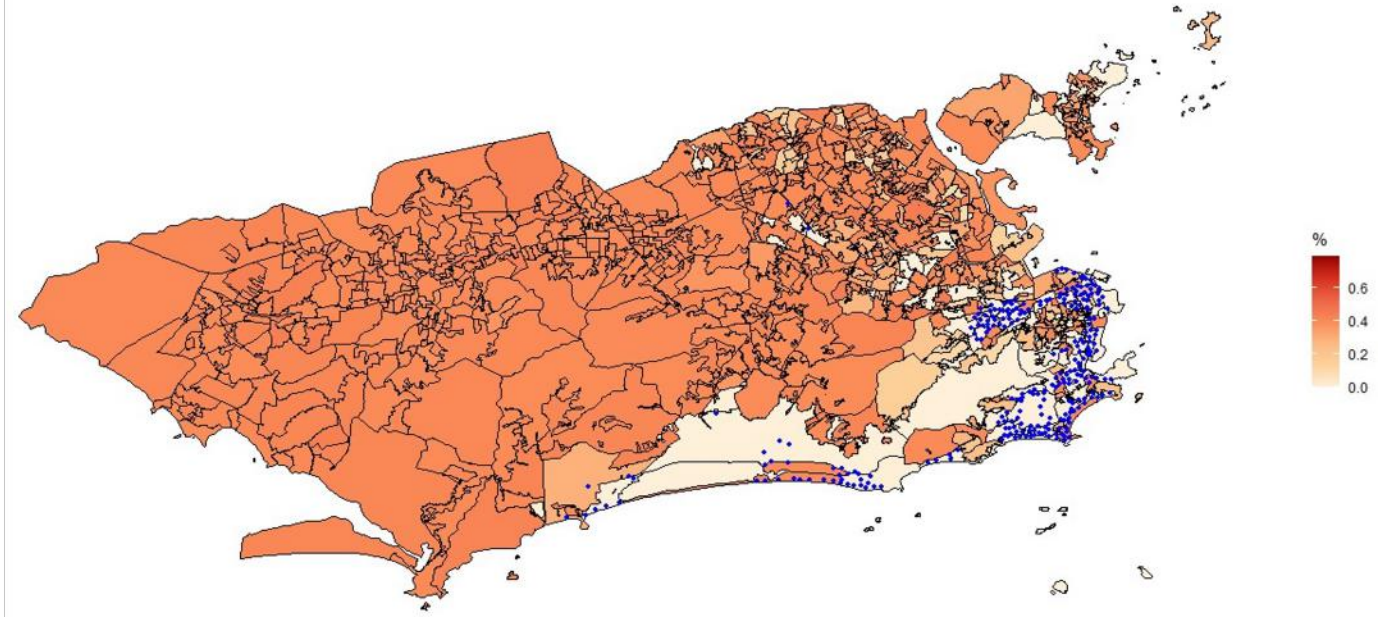


If everybody is paying for a smart city, why the benefits are unequal?

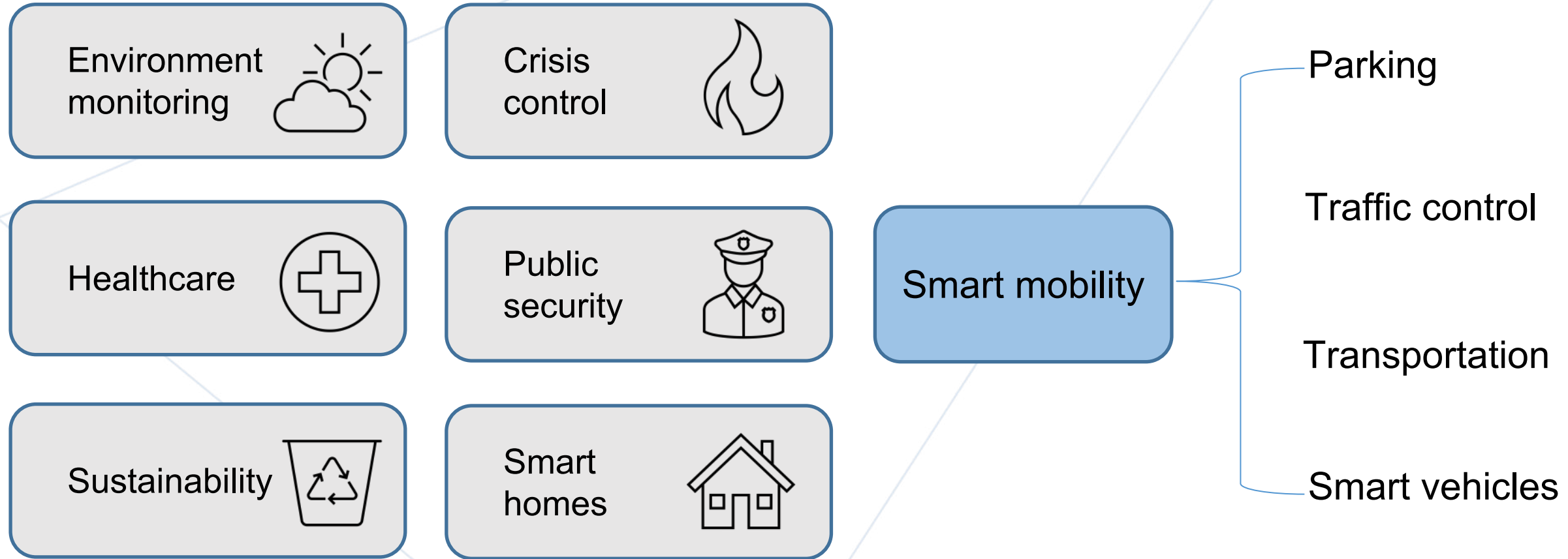


# Smart for who?

Another example for Rio de Janeiro, considering a bike-sharing system



# Smart cities for a better life





# UN Agenda 2030



# How cities, society and smart transportation relate?





# A long history for the *Homo Sapiens*



Hunter-gatherer groups of  
 $\cong 50$  members



Agriculture comes as an agent of  
deep transformations



# 10.000 years ago, agriculture is invented

300.000 years of *Homo Sapiens* evolution forged by small nomadic groups

- For **97%** of our species history, we have lived without cities
- For the *Homo* genus (2 million years old), it is 99.5% of our history living with no city

Living in cities is not in our DNA



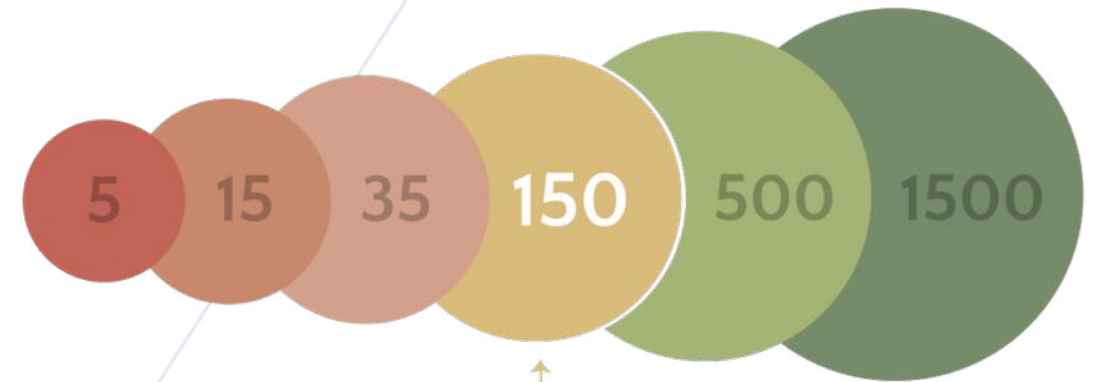
# Living in cities

Are we suited to live in cities with millions of people?

- Our capacity for social interactions is limited

## Dunbar's number

- We can only really maintain about **150** connections at once (keep track and regard part of a social network)
- A "limitation" found in different Apes, associated to our brain structure



Dunbar's Number

*the max number of relationships a person can maintain*

# However...

## Metcalfe's law

- The value of a network scales like the square of the total number of nodes
- Value depends on the number of possible links between agents



**Cities become more  
appealing as they  
become bigger**



# The resulted scenario is...

- Humankind becomes **dependent of cities**



# The urban "way of living"

In 2007, more people were living in cities than in rural areas  
68% of the world population projected to live in urban areas by 2050

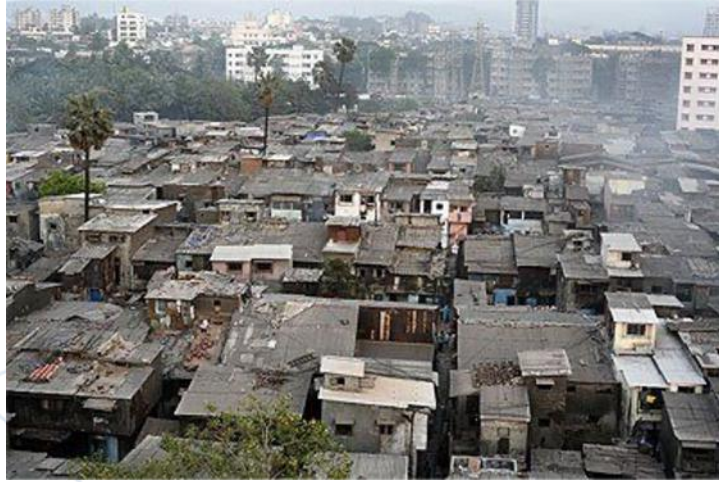
- Major growth rates in Africa and Asia

Will we be prepared?





# We need to study cities and urbanisation



Identify the  
dominant forces  
that shape their  
formation and  
evolution



Project smart cities  
solutions



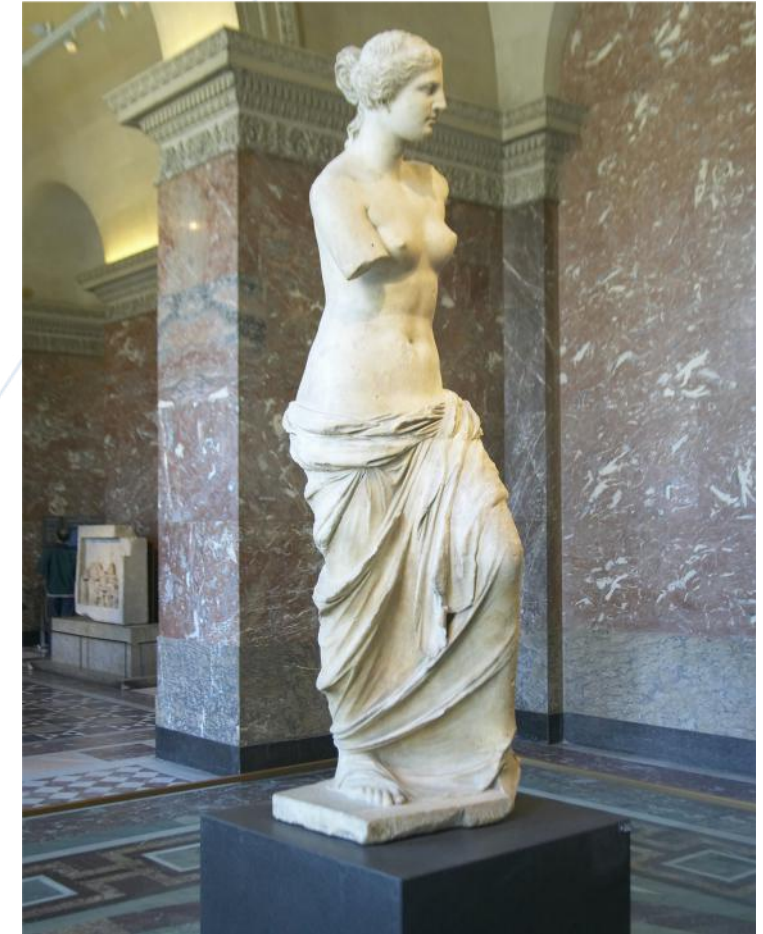


# Some important remarks...

What we have today is a result of a continuous process

## 1. The case of the ancient Greek art

- White (clean) art was a sign of superiority
- Coloured art (houses and buildings) is inferior









# Some important remarks...

## 2. The case of the European aristocracy and the lawn

- White houses with lawn → new riches





1. We need **smarter** cities



Smart Mobility



4. We need an **open** mind

2. We need smart solutions to **citizens**



3. Cities are **complex** environments